



BRITISH COLUMBIA CENTRE for EXCELLENCE in HIV/AIDS

Challenges and Opportunities in Using Respondent Driven Sampling to Recruit MSM for HIV Bio-behavioural Research

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Vanguard

- Coordinated by the BC-CfE, launched in 1995
- Open cohort sample of gay, bi and other MSM in Vancouver
- Self-administered questionnaire of behaviours, attitudes, beliefs and annual HIV testing

Limitations & Biases

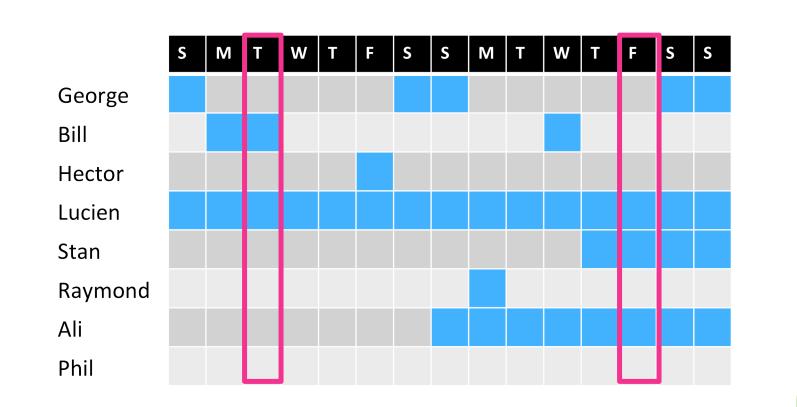
- Non-probability sampling bias
- Limitations in generalizations to the population of interest
- Poor external validity



M-Track (ManCount)

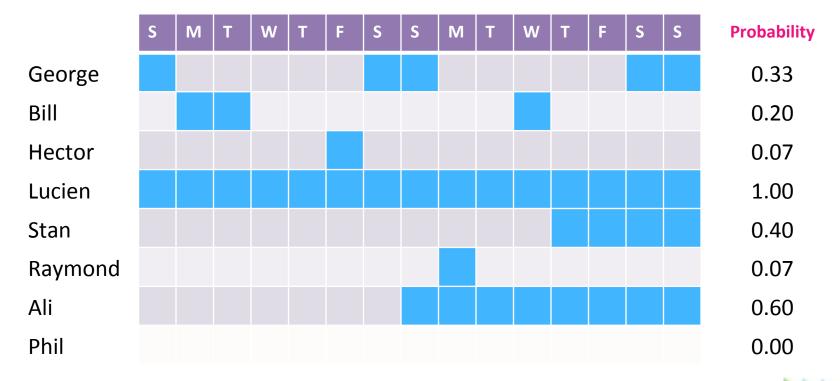
- M-Track is an enhanced surveillance system, coordinated by PHAC
- Monitors trends in HIV, viral hepatitis, other STI, other sexual and testing behaviours
- Cross-sectional at regular intervals using Venue-based
 or Time-location Sampling







Slide courtesy of Dr. Mark Gilbert, BCCDC





Slide courtesy of Dr. Mark Gilbert, BCCDC

Time-location Sampling Limitations and Biases

Limitations

- Significant preparation time (each time sampling occurs)
- May have insufficient sampling frame

Biases

- If people don't attend, they are not included
- Different behaviour patterns among venue attenders
- Frequent attenders



Background to Momentum

- Expanded, universal, free of cost access to highly active antiretroviral therapy (HAART) in BC represents a province wide population level biomedical intervention
- Evidence that expanded access to HAART may be effective in further reducing HIV transmission
- Potential effect of Treatment as Prevention on population level depends on individual risk
- May be socio-cultural implications for why we have not seen a decline in new infections among MSM

Study Design

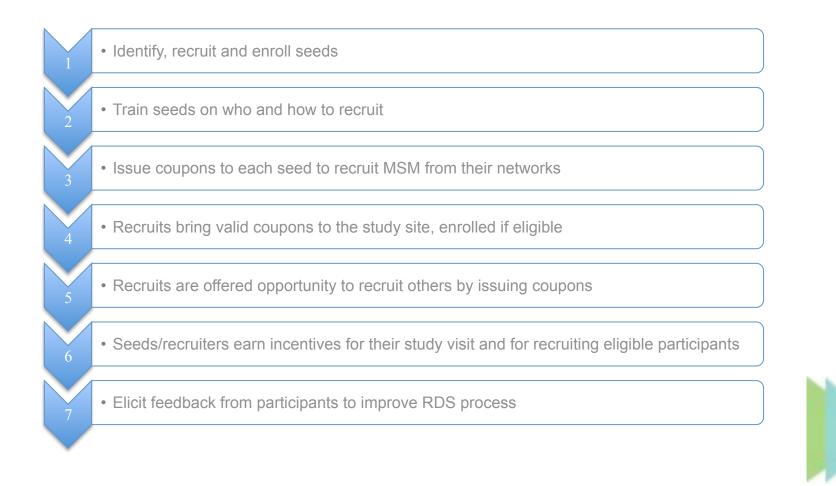
Respondent Driven Sampling (RDS) is used to recruit two cross-sections (n~1000 each), the first which will also construct a longitudinal cohort (n~700) with six month follow-ups.

RDS

 Chain-referral sampling designed to produce probabilistic samples with minimal selection bias

 Accounts for selection biases, such as network size and network homophily by collecting data on 'who recruits who?'

Steps of RDS



• Identify, recruit and enroll seeds



Seed RecruitmentTotal (to date): 54Community partners and social contactsSocial networking (Facebook and Twitter)Grindr™ Broadcast MessageXtra! West Advertising

Momentum serial cross-section #1 (to date) = 176





 "Our study works by peer-recruitment, which means we need you to help recruit other guys to participate from your social or sexual networks"

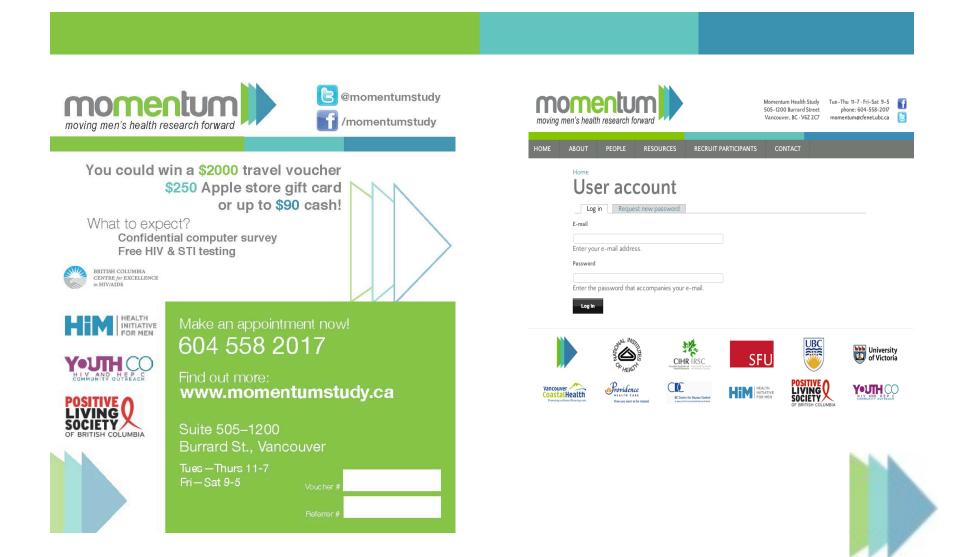
Please keep in mind the following when recruiting for us:

- Recruit guys you know your friends, partners, lovers NOT strangers
- 2. Who identify as male, regardless of sex as birth
- 3. Who are 16 years of age or older
- 4. Who are currently sexually active with other men
- 5. Who are interested in participate, as the success of our study depends on their participation.



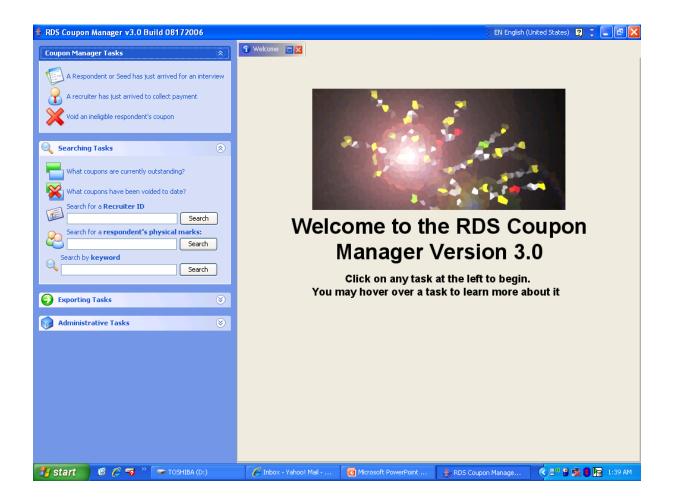
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Issue coupons to each seed to recruit MSM from their networks



4

• Recruits bring valid coupons to the study site, enrolled if eligible





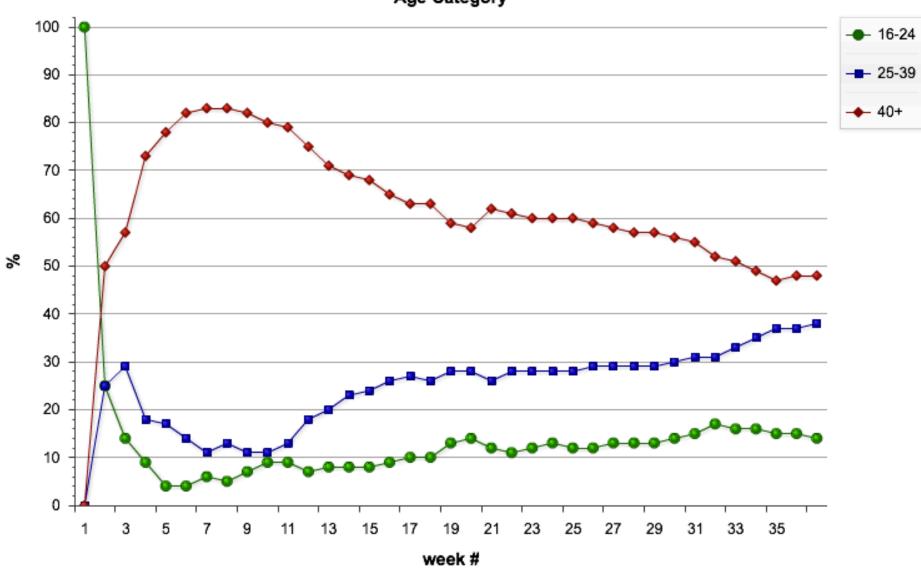
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Recruits are offered opportunity to recruit others by issuing coupons

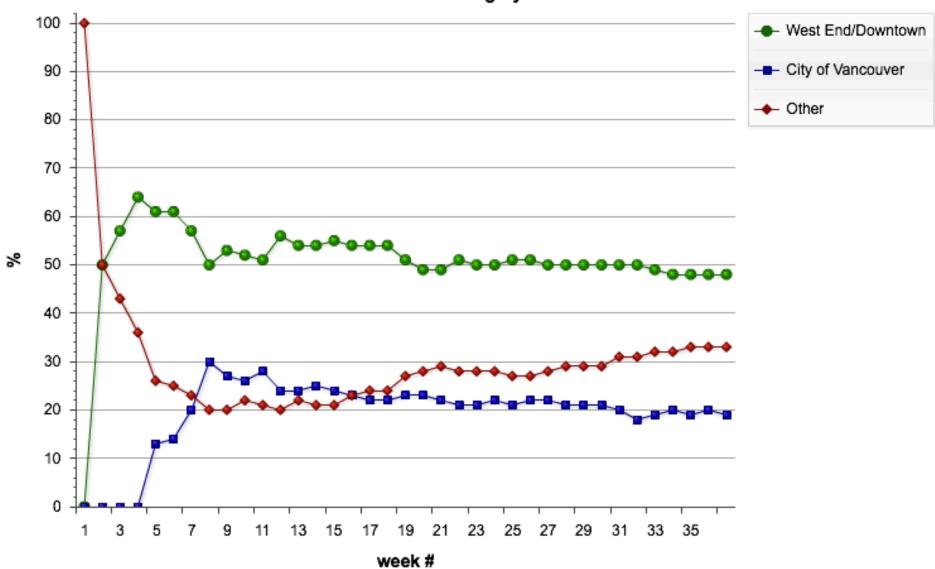


- Coupons should be predetermined, though some art is needed – I.e. Momentum gives 6, but some networks that recruit quicker than others we issue 1
- Monitoring important key to determine sample stability





Age Category



Area of Residence Category

 Recruits are offered opportunity to recruit others by issuing coupons

Primary Incentive

6

- \$50 cash OR
- Equivalent to \$10 draw tickets for 6month travel gift certificate valued at \$2000 or 1-month draw for \$250 Apple Store gift card

Secondary Incentive

 \$10 or equivalent draw ticket for each eligible participant recruited





 Elicit feedback from participants to improve RDS process

- February to September 2012 our team made call backs to Momentum participants
- 92 participants received calls, 25 agreed to participate in 10 minute follow up interview
- Only one did not give out any RDS coupons and more than half of coupons were distributed within one week following participation
- Participants most cited the free and confidential STI testing and incentives to recruit their friends
- RDS coupons originally had expiry date to motivate recruitment, but found guys were not coming after their expiry so removed coupon expiry dates

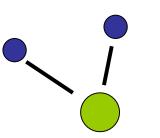


RDS Biases

Figure 5. Recruitment Bias

Respondent A

Respondent B •



- <u>Respondent A</u>: 10 ways to be recruited
- <u>Respondent B</u>: 2 ways to be recruited
- If all else is equal, R-A is 5 times **more likely** to be sampled than R-B

Slide courtesy of Henry Fisher Raymond, San Francisco Department of Public Health



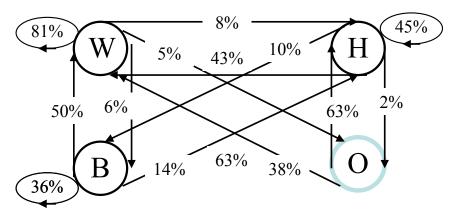
RDS Bias Adjustment

Network Size

- How many gay, bi and other MSM do you know in greater Vancouver?
- How many do you feel comfortable inviting to participate in Momentum?
- How many Facebook friends to do you have?

Homophily

Figure 4. A Statistical Theory: Recruitment as a Markov Chain, W=white, B=black, H=Hispanic, O=other





Conclusions

- RDS is a alternative recruitment strategy to convenience sampling and time-location sampling
- There are a number of operational challenges and opportunities to consider when using RDS for HIV/STI biobehavioural research, including seed selection, data monitoring, participant tracking, recruitment training, incentive schemes



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Academic Investigators & Governing Research Ethics Councils



THE UNIVERSITY OF BRITISH COLUMBIA



SIMON FRASER UNIVERSITY THINKING OF THE WORLD





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